| CHMEDIATE 440 | | |
|---------------|--------------------|-----|
| | Roll No. | ! ' |
| | · · | |
| 3 | Sig. of Candidate. | |
| 2100 | _ | |
| AMARK | | |

| Answer Sheet No | 11 |
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| Sig. of Invigilator | |

GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN SSC-I

SECTION - A (Marks 15)

Time allowed: 20 Minutes

| NOTE: | Section-A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question paper itself. |
|-------|---|
| | It should be completed in the first 20 minutes and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. |
| | Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil. |

| A. Masj A. Milita A. In 19 A. The a A. Indus A. The C A. | 1971 AD id Wazir Khan is Karachi ary Staff College Peshawar 98 AD the literac 36% annual death rate 9 | B. located B. is situat B. cy rate c B. e in Pak B. | in. Lahore sed in: Karachi of Pakistan was: 40% istan is 11 _of the air pollution | C. C. per tho C. on in Pa | Peshawar Islamabad 46% ousand. 13 | D. D. D. | 1974 AD Thatta Quetta 50% | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Masj A. Milita A. In 19 A. The a A. Indus A. | id Wazir Khan is Karachi ary Staff College Peshawar 98 AD the literac 36% annual death rat 9 stry contributes 50% Quetta earthqual | B. is situated B. ey rate of B. e in Pak | in. Lahore sed in: Karachi of Pakistan was: 40% istan is 11 _of the air pollution | C. C. per tho C. on in Pa | Peshawar Islamabad 46% ousand. 13 | D. D. | Thatta Quetta 50% | |
| A. Militar A. In 19 A. The a A. Indus A. The C. A. | Karachi ary Staff College Peshawar 98 AD the literat 36% annual death rate 9 stry contributes 50% Quetta earthqual | B. is situat B. cy rate c B. e in Pak B. | Lahore red in: Karachi of Pakistan was: 40% istan is 11 of the air pollution 20% | C. C. per tho C. on in Pa | Islamabad 46% busand. 13 | D. | Quetta 50% | |
| Milita A. In 19 A. The a A. Indus A. The C A. | Peshawar 98 AD the literac 36% annual death rate 9 stry contributes 50% Quetta earthqual | is situat B. cy rate c B. e in Pak B. B. | ed in: Karachi of Pakistan was: 40% istan is 11 of the air pollution | C. C. per tho C. on in Pa | Islamabad 46% busand. 13 | D. | Quetta 50% | |
| A. In 19 A. The a A. Indus A. The G A. | Peshawar 98 AD the literac 36% annual death rate 9 stry contributes 50% Quetta earthqual | B. cy rate c B. e in Pak B. B. | Karachi of Pakistan was: 40% istan is 11 _of the air pollution 20% | C. _per tho C. on in Pa | 46% busand. 13 | D. | 50% | |
| In 19 A. The a A. Indus A The C A. | 98 AD the literaction 36% annual death rate 9 stry contributes 50% Quetta earthquar | B. B. B. | of Pakistan was: 40% istan is 11 of the air pollution 20% | C. _per tho C. on in Pa | 46% busand. 13 | D. | 50% | |
| A. The a A. Indus A. The C A. | 36% annual death rate 9 stry contributes _ 50% Quetta earthqual | B. e in Pak B. B. | 40% istan is 11 _of the air pollution 20% | per tho C. on in Pa | ousand. 13 | | | |
| The a A. Indus A. The C A. | annual death rat 9 stry contributes _ 50% Quetta earthqual | e in Pak B. B. | istan is 11 _of the air pollution 20% | per tho C. on in Pa | ousand. 13 | | | |
| A. Indus A. The C | 9 stry contributes _ 50% Quetta earthqua | B. | 11 _of the air pollution 20% | C. on in Pa | 13 | D. | 15 | |
| Indus A. The G | stry contributes _ 50% Quetta earthqua | B. | of the air pollution 20% | on in Pa | | D. | 15 | |
| A. The (| 50% Quetta earthqual | ₿. | 20% | | akistan. | | | |
| The (| Quetta earthqua | | | _ | | | | |
| Α. | | ke of | | C. | 15% | D. | 10% | |
| | 1935 AD | | caused a | bout 30 | ,000 deaths. | | | |
| The | | B. | 1940 AD | C. | 1945 AD | D. | 1950 AD | |
| | Thal desert is loc | cated in | thepro | vince. | | | | |
| Α. | Sindh | В. | Baluchistan | C. | Punjab | D. | Khyber Pakhtunkhav | |
| For a balanced economy of a country at leastof land should be covered with forests. | | | | | | | | |
| Α. | 10% | B. | 15% | C. | 20% | D. | 25% | |
| Kala | Chitta Hills are s | situated | in the p | province | €. | | | |
| A. | Sindh | В. | Punjab | С | Baluchistan | D. | Khyber Pakhtunkhav | |
| The N | Monsoon winds | enter int | o Pakistan from tl | he: | | | | |
| Α. | West | B. | East | C. | North | D. | South | |
| The h | neight of Sukesa | ris | meters. | | | | | |
| Α. | 1000 | B. | 1200 | C. | 1500 | D. | 2000 | |
| The Doab between Indus and Jehlum rivers is called: | | | | | | | | |
| A. | Rachna | B. | Bari | C. | Chaj | D. | Sindh Sagar | |
| The A | All India Muslim | League | was established i | n 1906 | at: | | - | |
| Α. | Karachi | B. | Bombay | C. | Dhaka | D. | Lahore | |
| The V | Wakhan valley is | located | l between Pakista | n and: | | | | |
| Α. | Tajikistan | B. | Afghanistan | C. | Turkmenistan | D. | Iran | |
| amine | r's use only: | | | Tota | l Marks: | | 15 | |
| | | | | | | | ; · · · | |
| | For a A. Kala A. The M. A. The E. A. The V. A. | For a balanced econo A. 10% Kala Chitta Hills are s A. Sindh The Monsoon winds o A. West The height of Sukesa A. 1000 The Doab between In A. Rachna The All India Muslim A. Karachi The Wakhan valley is | For a balanced economy of a A. 10% B. Kala Chitta Hills are situated A. Sindh B. The Monsoon winds enter int A. West B. The height of Sukesar is A. 1000 B. The Doab between Indus and A. Rachna B. The All India Muslim League A. Karachi B. The Wakhan valley is located A. Tajikistan B. | For a balanced economy of a country at least A. 10% B. 15% Kala Chitta Hills are situated in the | For a balanced economy of a country at least A. 10% B. 15% C. Kala Chitta Hills are situated in the province of the Monsoon winds enter into Pakistan from the: A. West B. East C. The height of Sukesar is meters. A. 1000 B. 1200 C. The Doab between Indus and Jehlum rivers is called: A. Rachna B. Bari C. The All India Muslim League was established in 1906 A. Karachi B. Bombay C. The Wakhan valley is located between Pakistan and: A. Tajikistan B. Afghanistan C. Taminer's use only: | For a balanced economy of a country at least of land should be A. 10% B. 15% C. 20% Kala Chitta Hills are situated in the province. A. Sindh B. Punjab C Baluchistan The Monsoon winds enter into Pakistan from the: A. West B. East C. North The height of Sukesar is meters. A. 1000 B. 1200 C. 1500 The Doab between Indus and Jehlum rivers is called: A. Rachna B. Bari C. Chaj The Ali India Muslim League was established in 1906 at: A. Karachi B. Bombay C. Dhaka The Wakhan valley is located between Pakistan and: A. Tajikistan B. Afghanistan C. Turkmenistan | For a balanced economy of a country at least | |



GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN SSC-I

Time allowed: 2:40 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 60

NOTE: Answer any twelve parts from Section 'B' and any three questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet—B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION - B (Marks 36)

- Q. 2 Answer any TWELVE parts. The answer to each part should not exceed 3 to 4 lines. (12 x 3 = 36)
 - (i) Name any six princely states which acceded to Pakistan in 1947 AD.
 - (ii) What were the economic reasons of Pakistan's creation?
 - (iii) Define land forms.
 - (iv) Name the six major physical regions of Pakistan.
 - (v) Write a short note on the Delta Region of Pakistan.
 - (vi) Name the most important elements of Climate.
 - (vii) What are the climatic regions of Pakistan?
 - (viii) What do you know about the Rakh forests?
 - (ix) Define the A-Horizon of the soil profile.
 - (x) Write the major categories of Indus Basin Soils.
 - (xi) What are the causes of flood in Pakistan?
 - (xii) What are the major Earthquake zones of Pakistan?
 - (xiii) What is UNFPA?
 - (xiv) Name the three sparsely populated areas of Pakistan.
 - (xv) Write a short note on Islamabad city.
 - (xvi) Name any three historical buildings of Lahore.
 - (xvii) Define settlement.
 - (xviii) What do you know about Water pollution?

SECTION - C (Marks 24)

Note: Attempt any THREE questions. All questions carry equal marks. (3 x 8 = 24)

- Q. 3 Name the factors which cause floods and droughts in Pakistan. Explain what measures are being taken to prevent floods and droughts.
- Q. 4 Give classification of the main types of forests in Pakistan, mentioning the species of trees and the areas in which the specific types are found.
- Q. 5 Write a comprehensive note on the temperature zones of Pakistan.
- Q. 6 Discuss briefly the circumstances other than the political ones which led to the creation of Pakistan.'An Islamic State'.